Pathway Tools Schema and Semantic Inference Layer

Genes, Operons, and Replicons

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Pathway Tools User's Guide, Volume I

• Appendix A: Guide to the Pathway Tools Schema

Ontology Papers section of http://biocyc.org/publications.shtml

- "An Evidence Ontology for use in Pathway/Genome Databases,"
- "An ontology for biological function based on molecular interactions,"
- "Representations of metabolic knowledge: Pathways,"
- "Representations of metabolic knowledge,"





Frame Data Model

 Frame Data Model -- organizational structure for a PGDB

Knowledge base (KB, Database, DB)

• Frames

Slots



Knowledge Base

 Collection of frames and their associated slots, values, facets, and annotations

• AKA: Database, PGDB

Can be stored within

- An Oracle or MySQL DB
- A disk file
- Pathway Tools binary program



Frames

Entities with which facts are associated

•Kinds of frames:

- Classes: Genes, Pathways, Biosynthetic Pathways
- Instances (objects): trpA, TCA cycle

•Classes:

- Superclass(es)
- Subclass(es)
- Instance(s)

•A symbolic frame name (id, key) uniquely identifies each frame



Slots

Encode attributes and properties of a frame

Represent relationships between frames

• The value of a slot is the identifier of another frame

COLI-K12	
Instance COLI-K12	
Types: Chromosomes	
CACHED-STATISTICS: (:PSEUDOGENE-NUMBER 58 :ORF-GENE-NUMBER 1078 :PROTEIN-GENE-NUMBER 4328	
:RNA-GENE-NUMBER 192 :LAST-TIME-STAMP "12-Mar-2006 04:44:08"	
:UN-MAPPED-GENE-NUMBER 11 :MAPPED-GENE-NUMBER 4509 :GC-CONTENT 0.508d0)	
CIRCULAR?: T	
COMMON-NAME: "Chromosome"	
COMPONENTS: EG11277, EG10998, EG10999, EG11000, G6081, EG10011,	
EG11555, EG11556, EG11511, EG11512, G6082, EG11509, G8202,	
EG10241, G0-8893, EG10240, G6083, G6084, G0-9563, EG10373,	
G0-9581, EG10652, EG11078, G6085, G6086, EG10919, G6087,	
EG11079, EG10492, EG10548, EG11080, EG11081, EG11082,	
EG10206, EG10134, EG10135, G6088, EG12608, EG11557,	
EG11558, EG11559, EG11560, EG11561, EG11562, EG11563,	
EG11564, EG11565, EG11566, EG11568, EG10521, EG10326,	
EG10048, EG10047, EG10523, EG10691, EG10985, EG11569,	
EG11570, EG12610, EG12611, EG12609, EG11083, EG10747,	
EG10055, EG10052, EG10053, EG10054, EG11571, EG11572,	
EG11573, EG11574, G0-9381, EG12094, G0-9941, EG11754,	
EG11575, EG11576, EG11577, EG11226, EG11280, EG10531,	
EG10500, EG10499, EG11273, EG10338, EG11084, EG11085,	
EG11086, EG10341, EG10621, EG10622, EG10604, EG10620,	





Slots

Number of values

- Single valued
- Multivalued: sets, bags

Slot values

Any LISP object: Integer, real, string, symbol (frame name)

Every slot is described by a "slot frame" in a KB that defines meta information about that slot

- Datatype, classes it pertains to, constraints
- Two slots are inverses if they encode opposite relationships
 - Slot Product in class Genes
 - Slot Gene in class Polypeptides



Pathway Tools Ontology / Schema

Ontology classes: 1621

- Many datatypes from genomes to pathways
- Classification schemes for pathways, chemical compounds, enzymatic reactions (EC system)
- Cell Component Ontology
- Protein Feature ontology

Comprehensive set of 221 attributes and relationships

Evidence codes, supporting citations



Root Classes in the Pathway Tools Ontology

- Chemicals
- Polymer-Segments
- Protein-Features
- Paralogous-Gene-Groups
- Organisms
- Enzymatic-Reactions
- Generalized-Reactions
- CCO
- Evidence
- Notes
- Organizations
- People
- Publications

- -- All molecules
- -- Regions of polymers
- -- Features on proteins

- -- Link enzymes to reactions they catalyze
- -- Reactions and pathways
- -- Cell Component Ontology
- -- Evidence ontology
- -- Timestamped, person-stamped notes

Use GKB Editor to Inspect the Pathway Tools Ontology

- GKB Editor = Generic Knowledge Base Editor
- Type in Navigator window: (GKB) or
- [Right-Click] Edit->Ontology Editor
- View->Browse Class Hierarchy
- [Middle-Click] to expand hierarchy
- To view classes or instances, select them and:
 - Frame -> List Frame Contents
 - Frame -> Edit Frame



Representing a Genome



• Classes:

- ORG is of class Organisms
- CHROM1 is of class Chromosomes
- PLASMID1 is of class Plasmids
- Gene1 is of class Genes



Polynucleotides



Review slots of COLI and of COLI-K12







Sequence is stored in a separate file



Polymer-Segments



Review slots of Genes



Complexities of Gene / Gene-Product Relationships

- The Product of a gene can be an instance of Polypeptides or RNAs
- An instance of Polypeptides can have more than one gene encoding it
- Sequence position:
 - Nucleotide positions of starting and ending codons specified in Left-End-Position and Right-End-Position (usually greater, except at origin)
 - Transcription-Direction + / -
- Alternative splicing:
 - Nucleotide positions of starting and ending codons specified in Left-End-Position and Right-End-Position
 - Intron positions specified in Splice-Form-Introns of gene product
 - (200 300) (350 400)



Semantic Inference Layer

Chromosome-of-gene(gene)
Adjacent-genes?(g1 g2)
Neighboring-genes-p(g1 g2 n)
does-gene-code-for-protein-?(gene)

Operons and Transcription Units

- Operon: A set of two or more genes that are transcribed as a unit. May include multiple promoters.
- Transcription Unit: A set of one or more genes that are transcribe as a unit from a single promoter.



Ontology for Transcriptional Regulation



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Transcriptional Regulation

Transcription-Units

 Its Components include genes, promoter, terminator, TFbinding sites

Binding-Reactions are defined for:

- Each TF to its binding site
- RNA polymerase to each promoter



Semantic Inference Layer

- Operon-of-gene(gene)
- Genes-in-same-operon(gene)



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Semantic Inference Layer

- regulators-of-gene-transcription(gene) => protein-list
- transcription-unit-promoter(tu) => promoter
- transcription-unit-genes(tu) => gene-list
- transcription-unit-binding-sites(tu) => binding-site-list
- transcription-unit-transcription-factors(tu) => TF-list
 - All TFs that bind to binding sites in TU
- transcription-unit-terminators
- binding-sites-affecting-gene(gene)
- binding-site-transcription-factors(site)
- binding-site-promoters
- binding-site-transcription-units
- promoter-binding-sites



Example Computations

- Given TF, find all metabolic reactions it regulates
- Find all TFs that bind a given ligand
- Find all TFs that bind more than one ligand and enumerate them



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