## Support for Phenotype Microarray Data in Pathway Tools

Suzanne Paley March 2013

SRI International Bioinformatics

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# PM display on All Growth Media Page

Plate ID: Biolog PM1 - Carbon Sources No growth/respiration Low growth/respiration Growth/respiration Inconsistent results No data

Conditions: wildtype at 37°C (aerobic); 5 Datasets; Growth: 68; Low Growth: 2; No Growth: 20; Inconsistent results: 5.

<u>A1</u> <u>carbon</u> <u>negative</u> <u>control</u>	A2 L-Arabinose	A3 N-Acetyl-D- Glucosamine	<u>A4</u> <u>D-Saccharic</u> <u>acid</u>	<u>A5</u> <u>Succinic</u> acid	A6_ D-Galactose_	<u>A7</u> L-Aspartic acid	A8 L-Proline	<u>A9</u> <u>D-Alanine</u>	<u>A10</u> D-Trehalose	<u>A11</u> D-Mannose	A12 Dulcitol
<u>B1</u> D-Serine	<u>B2</u> D-Sorbitol	<u>B3</u> Glycerol	<u>B4</u> <u>L-Fucose</u>	<u>B5</u> <u>D-</u> <u>Glucuronic</u> <u>acid</u>	<u>B6</u> D-Gluconic acid	<u>B7</u> <u>DL-α-Glycerol</u> Phosphate	<u>B8</u> D-Xylose	<u>B9</u> L-Lactic acid	B10_ Formic acid_	<u>B11</u> D-Mannitol	B12_ L-Glutamic acid_
<u>C1</u> <u>D-Glucose- 6-</u> <u>Phosphate</u>	<u>C2</u> D-Galactonic acid- γ-Lactone	<u>C3</u> DL-Malic acid	<u>C4</u> D-Ribose	<u>C5</u> Tween 20	<u>C6</u> L-Rhamnose	<u>C7</u> <u>D-Fructose</u>	<u>C8</u> Acetic acid	<u>C9</u> α-D- Glucose_	<u>C10</u> <u>Maltose</u>	<u>C11</u> D-Melibiose	<u>C12</u> Thymidine
D1 L-Asparagine	<u>D2</u> D-Aspartic acid	D3 D-Glucosaminic acid	<u>D4</u> 1,2-Propanediol	<u>D5</u> Tween 40	<u>D6</u> α-Ketoglutaric acid	<u>D7</u> α-Ketobutyric acid	<u>D8</u> α-Methyl-D- Galactoside	<u>D9</u> α-D- Lactose_	D10 Lactulose	<u>D11</u> Sucrose	D12_ Uridine_
E1 L-Glutamine	E2_ M-Tartaric acid_	<u>E3</u> D-Glucose- 1- Phosphate	<u>E4</u> D-Fructose- 6- Phosphate	E5 Tween 80	<u>E6</u> <u>α-Hydroxyglutaric</u> <u>acid-γ-Lactone</u>	<u>E7</u> <u>α-</u> <u>Hydroxybutyric</u>	<u>E8</u> <u>B-Methyl-D-</u> <u>Glucoside</u>	E9 Adonitol	<u>E10</u> <u>Maltotriose</u>	<u>E11</u> <u>2-</u> Deoxyadenosine_	<u>E12</u> Adenosine
F1											
<u>Gly-Asp</u>	F2_ Citric acid_	F3_ M-Inositol_	F4_ D-Threonine_	F5_ Fumaric acid_	F6 Bromosuccinic acid	F7_ Propionic acid_	F8_ Mucic acid_	F9_ Glycolic acid_	<u>F10</u> Glyoxylic acid	F11     D-Cellobiose	F12 Inosine
Gly-Asp G1 Gly-Glu	F2 Citric acid Citric acid C2 Tricarballylic acid	F3 M-Inositol G3 L-Serine	F4 D-Threonine G4 L-Threonine	F5 Fumaric acid G5 L-Alanine	F6 Bromosuccinic acid G6 Ala-Gly	F7_ Propionic acid G7_ Acetoacetic acid	F8_ Mucic acid_ G8 N-Acetyl-D- Mannosamine_	G9 Mono- Methylsuccinate	F10_ Glyoxylic acid_ G10_ Methylpyruvate	F11 D-Cellobiose G11 D-Malic acid	F12 Inosine G12 L-Malic acid



## **PM Growth Medium Representation**

- Plate ID, Well ID
- Constituents
  - Concentration
  - Role: source of C, N, P or S
- Base medium
- Name
- Abbreviated name (just the added compound for PM media)
- Citation, comment
- pH
- Osmolarity (computed from constituent concentrations)





## **Growth Observation Representation**

### Growth media

- Growth status: growth, no-growth, or low-growth
  - No support for capturing quantitative data
- Citation, comment
- Experimental variables
  - Aerobic/anaerobic
  - Temperature
  - Wildtype or knocked out genes



## **Conflicts**

- Conflicts occur when multiple observations for the same medium and conditions record different growth statuses
  - We cannot detect conflicts when experiments use slightly different but equivalent media.
- Conflict can be resolved by a curator
  - This creates a new, privileged growth observation frame
  - Curator should record rationale with comment or citation
  - GUI will still show all primary observations



## **Growth Medium Display**

Add to group

Escherichia coli K-12 substr. MG1655 Growth Medium: PMA carbon source test + pro

Superclasses: Phenotype-Microarray-Media

Plate Id: Biolog PM1 - Carbon Sources

Well Id: A8

Citations: [Bochner01]

Recipe Substances: 😰

Composition: 🕜

Substances	Concentration	Role	Constituents	Concentration
ammonium chloride	5.0 mM	Source of N	<u>chloride</u>	136.10 mM
disodium phosphate	2.0 mM	Source of P	<u>Na</u> ±	104.50 mM
<u>ferric chloride</u>	1.0 µM		triethanolamine	30.00 mM
<u>L-proline</u>		Source of C	<u>ammonium</u>	5.00 mM
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	50.0 μM		phosphate	2.00 mM
potassium chloride	1.0 mM		<b>Κ</b> <sup>±</sup>	1.00 mM
<u>sodium chloride</u>	100.0 mM		sulfate	250.00 µM
<u>sodium sulfate</u>	250.00002 µM	Source of S	Mg <sup>2+</sup>	50.00 µM
triethanolamine HCI	30.0 mM		Fo <sup>3+</sup>	1.00 µM
			L-proline	[unknown]

Wildtype growth observations:

T (°C)	02	Growth Observations	Consensus	Comment/Citations
37	Aerobic	Yes [ <u>Baumler11]</u> No [ <u>AbuOun09]</u> No [ <u>Bochner12]</u> Yes [ <u>Mackie12]</u> Low [ <u>Yoon12]</u>	Yes*	[Frank64]
37	Anaerobic	Yes [ <u>Baumler11]</u> No [ <u>Bochner12]</u>	Indeterminate	Inconsistent Observations

\*A curator has resolved the inconsistency.

#### References

AbuOun09: AbuOun M, Suthers PF, Jones GI, Carter BR, Saunders MP, Maranas CD, Woodward MJ, Anjum MF (2009). "Genome scale reconstruction of a Salmonella metabolic model: comparison of similarity and differences with a commensal Escherichia coli strain." J Biol Chem 284(43);29480-8. PMID: <u>19690172</u>

Baumler 11: Baumler DJ, Peplinski RG, Reed JL, Glasner JD, Perna NT (2011). "The evolution of metabolic networks of E. coli." BMC Syst Biol 5:182. PMID: 22044664

Bochner01: Bochner BR, Gadzinski P, Panomitros E (2001). "Phenotype microarrays for high-throughput phenotypic testing and assay of gene function."



#### **SRI International Bioinformatics**

## PM Data in EcoCyc

### • 5 Aerobic Datasets (4 for plates 2-4)

	Carbon	Nitrogen	Phosphorus	Sulfur	Total
Total Wells	190	95	59	35	379
Observations	855	367	233	130	1585
Wells w/ conflicts	61	35	10	13	119
Resolved conflicts	53	10	6	5	74
Remaining unresolved	8	25	4	8	45
Remaining growth/no- growth conflicts	7	24	1	1	33



## Other Growth Observations in EcoCyc

### • Low throughput data:

- Wildtype observations from literature for 23 media
- Wildtype observations generated by our group for 21 media

### High throughput gene knockout data

- 5 datasets
  - 2 on rich media
  - 2 on glucose media
  - 1 on glycerol media
- 17,269 total knockout growth observations



## Navigating to All Growth Media Page

A member	r of the BloCyc database co	ollection	Mar 4th-6	<u>:h 2013</u>				
Home	Search	То	ols Help					
			Genome Brows	ser				
			Cellular Overvi	ew	chia coli, Si	train K	-12 subst	
Authors: Pr	eter D. Karp <sup>1</sup>		Genome Overv	iew	Anamika Kothar	i <sup>1</sup> Suzan		
Collado	-Vides <sup>3</sup> Cesar		Regulatory Ov	erview	eralta <sup>3</sup> . Alberto	Santos-	7avaleta <sup>3</sup> . Ve	
J	, cesa		Comparative Analysis		Statta , Aberto Santos-Zavaleta , Ve			
<sup>1</sup> SRI Interna	ational, <sup>2</sup> Macqı		Summary Stati	ersidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexic				
Summary:			Dead-end Meta	bolites				
EcoCyc	is a model-org		Chokepoint Re	more information, see URL EcoCyc.c		JRL EcoCyc.or		
The F.	<i>coli</i> genome si		Groups Reports		U00096.2. Desi	oite the	involvement	
differe	nces may be fo				Summary stat	istics		
			Searching:		History of upo	lates		
Citations:	[Keseler11]	Þ	► Escherichia coli K-12 substr. MG1655		Pathway evide	ence		
			<u>change organism database</u>		Pathway holes			
	l l			-		s Protei	n Genes RNA	
			some	462	3	4420		
Genes without a physical map position: 2								

Pathway Tools Metabolism

and Phenotypes Workshop

Pathways:	300
Enzymatic Reactions:	1577
Transport Reactions:	341
Polypeptides:	4517
Protein Complexes:	995
Enzymes:	1485
Transporters:	252
Compounds:	2363
Transcription Units:	4490
tRNAs:	89
Growth Media:	409

ECC A member of	The BIOCyc database colle	ection Pathw	ay Tools Meta henotypes Wor Mar 4th-6th 2	<u>bolism an</u> <u>rkshop</u> :013	nd Welcome, Searching Escherichia coli K-12		
Home	Search	Tools	Help				
	Compou	nds					
E. d	Genes/F	Proteins/RN	As		a d'a Casarah		
Escheri	Reactions				edia Search		
	Pathway	ys			ar Form All Growth Media for this Organism		
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Examples	Google t	this Site			dium"		
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	Escheri	ichia coli K-: e organism	12 substr. M database	G1655	Ibmit Query Clear Form		
Note: Only					used in constructing the query. If multiple sea		

Note: Only must satisfy ALL of them. For more search options, see the <u>Advanced Search</u> page. For more details on how to the <u>Search Help</u> page.

Peport From or Provide Feedback

Essentiality data for xylA knockouts: 😰

Growth Medium	Growth?	T (°C)	0 <sub>2</sub>	pН	Osm/L	Growth Observations
LB enriched	Yes	37	Aerobic	6.95		Yes [Gerdes03, Comment 1]
<u>LB Lennox</u>	Yes	37	Aerobic	7		Yes [Baba06, Comment 2]
M9 medium with 1% glycerol	Yes	37	Aerobic	7.2	0.35	Yes [Joyce06, Comment 3]
MOPS medium with 0.4% glucose	Yes	37	Aerobic	7.2	0.21	Yes [ <u>Feist07</u> , <u>Comment 4</u> ] Yes [ <u>Baba06</u> , <u>Comment 2</u> ]
PMA carbon source test + D-xylose	No	37	Aerobic			No [ <u>Bochner01]</u>
<u>PMA carbon source test + maltose</u>	No	37	Aerobic			No [ <u>Bochner01]</u>
PMA carbon source test + maltotriose	No	37	Aerobic			No [ <u>Bochner01]</u>



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**ECOC**YC

## **Changing Display Conditions**

 On All Growth Media page, can specify different set of conditions

 Colors in display tables will update accordingly

Table	s are colored to show growth on wildtype at 37°C (aerobic)	
Gene	×	rei
	Aerobic \$	
	Knocked out gene (leave blank for wildtype):	
Indiv	Only show data that differs from wildtype	Gr
Condi	● Show all data	
	Submit Cancel	
	Subint Cancer	tI
	(Osm/L) Availab	Te?
AB m	edium base 0.32	



## **Generating Heatmaps**

Generate heatmap comparing growth on different nutrient sources for different knockouts or other experimental conditions: G						
	000	X Comparison Parameters	_			
Individual Growth Media No g Conditions: wildtype at 37°C (a Medium Name	vidual Growth Media No c Inditions: wildtype at 37°C (a (whether or not growth/respiration occurs) for different nutrient sources under Medium Name					
	Nutrient type:	▲ Carbon Sources				
AB medium base						
AB medium with 0.2% glucose	1	Nitrogen Sources				
AB medium with 0.4% acetate	<	Phosphorus Sources				
ATCC medium 57	<	♦ Sulfur Sources				
Bochner defined minimal mediu	Conditions to co	compare (select at least one): Gene Knockouts				
Davis and Mingioli glucose mini						
Davis and Mingioli medium A						
Davis and Mingioli Modified me	Genes to include	de: 💠 All knockouts with data different than wildtype				
E.coli minimal growth on aceta		♦ Selected genes				
E.coli minimal growth on glucos						
LB enriched	696 genes selec	ected Edit gene list Import genes from group Import genes from file				
LB Lennox	Growth Conditio	ion: Aerobic 🗆				
M56 medium	Exclude rows for	or putrients that show no chappe?				
M63 medium base						
M63 medium with 2% glucose	Exclude columns	ns for which all data are same as wildtype?:				
M63 medium with 2% glycerol						



Key to colors: No growth/respiration Low growth/respiration Growth/respiration Inconsistent results No data



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## Importing PM Data

- File->Import->Phenotype Microarray Data from Spreadsheet...
- Spreadsheet must be saved as tab-delimited text
- One file per PM plate
- Wells can be identified by either well ID or compound name/ID
- Data values in spreadsheet can be either quantitative or qualitative
  - If quantitative, must specify cutoff values for no/low and low/ normal growth
  - If qualitative, must specify what text values match normal/low/ no growth

## Importing PM Data

00	🔀 Phenotype Microarray Data Import	
File: Select Data	File	
Plate ID:	Biolog PM1 - Carbon Sources 🗖	
Import Plates from	Another PGDB	
Media identified by:	Well IDs Well ID column number:	
Data column contair	Compound Names     Data column number: 1	
	♦ Numeric values	
T Text string re Text	Fext string representing growth:       Image: Start at 0.         presenting low or weak growth:       Image: Start at 0.         t string representing no growth:       Image: Start at 0.	
Experimental cond	litions:	
Knockout: Wildtyp	pe (no knockout) 😑	
Growth Condition:	Aerobic 🗖 Temperature (°C): 37	
Citations:		
Summary:		CITS FRAME Create/Search Citation Hyperlink Spellcheck
OK Cancel		



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## Importing PM Growth Media

## Can either use base media from EcoCyc (or other PGDB) or create your own.

000	)	🔀 Import PMA	Growth Media	
PGDB to	o import plate media from: E. coli K-12 s	ubstr. MG1655 📼		
How to c	choose which media to use as base media	♦ Copy plate base media from sc	purce database	
		Select base media from current	t database	
Note: if y media in	you wish to use different base media than t in the current database. See the command	hose used in the source database, y File->Create->Growth Medium.	you must already have created those	
Create?	Plate ID from Source	Plate ID	Base Medium in Source	Base Medium
	Biolog PM1 - Carbon Sources	Biolog PM1 - Carbon Sources	Bochner defined minimal medium without carbon	Use Source Medium 📼
	Biolog PM2 - Carbon Sources	Biolog PM2 - Carbon Sources	Bochner defined minimal medium without carbon	Use Source Medium 🗖
	Biolog PM3 - Nitrogen Sources	Biolog PM3 - Nitrogen Source	Bochner defined minimal medium without nitrogen	Use Source Medium 😐
	Biolog PM4 - Phosphorus and Sulfur Sou	Ces Biolog PM4 - Phosphorus and	Bochner defined minimal medium without sulfur	Use Source Medium 📼
			Bochner defined minimal medium without phosphorous	Use Source Medium 📼
ОК	Cancel			

